Cooper Creek Cedar Ltd.

Visual Impact Assessment CP 409 blocks 8 & 9 Balfour Face

Prepared by:



April 2, 2019

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Visual Impact Assessment – Project Information

CP: 409 (Balfour Face) blocks 8, 9 Proposed Year of Harvest: 2019		Proposed	Silviculture	e System: CC	RES
Type of Proposed Operation: Logging		Block Are Blo Blo	ea ha (no W ock 8: 30.5 ock 9: 6.8	TRAs):	
Visual Resource Management	VLI	VSC:	VAC:	EVC:	EVQO:
Block 8: 1.2 ha	90	3	Μ	PR	PR
Block 8: 29.3 ha	91	3	Μ	Μ	PR
Block 9: 6.8 ha	91	3	М	М	PR

VSU#	Class:
90	3
91	3
	VSU# 90 91

Date Visual Landscape Inventory Completed:Nov 2016 D	OES EVC EXCEED ESTABLISHED VQO?	Yes	No <u>X</u>
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VIEWPOINTS & PHOTOGRAPH INFORMATION

Number and name of viewpoints from	VP #1	VP #2	VP #3
which the proposal is visible and	Fishermans	Kootenay Lake	Harrop Procter
photos are taken	Wharf	Ferry	Road
Viewpoint importance	Major	Major	Minor
(Major/Minor/Potential)			
Viewpoint co-ordinates	x- 502935	x-504985	x-501594
(Lat./Long. or UTM inc. elevation (m)	y- 5496423	y- 5498257	y- 5495554
_	z-534m	z-534m	z-573m
Viewing distance	2.1 Km	2.6 Km	2.8 Km
(Foreground/Midground/Background)	(Mid)	(Mid)	(Mid)
Viewing duration	High	High	Mod
(High/Moderate/Low)			
Focal length of camera lens (digital			
equivalent mm)	50	50	50
Direction of view (degrees true)	312 ⁰⁻ 12 ⁰	280^{0}	310 ⁰ -15 ⁰

1. ASSESSING BASIC VQO DEFINITION

Describe the level of impact that	VP1	VP2	VP3			
the proposed alteration, in						
combination with any existing	Not visually	Not visually	Not visually			
non-VEG alterations, will have	eviaent	eviaent	eviaent			
on the landscape from each						
viewpoint, using one of the						
following terms:						
Not visible, Not visually evident,						
Subordinate, Dominant, Out of						
scale						
Which basic VQO definition wou	ld the propo	sed alteratio	n, in combin	nation with		
any existing non-VEG alterations, meet from all the selected viewpoints and						
taking into account viewpoint imp	oortance, vie	wing distand	ce and viewi	ng duration?		
P R PR X M I	MM	U		C		
If applicable, state reasons why the proposed alteration(s) does not achieve the						
basic definition of the established VQO from any of the selected viewpoints.						
Not applicable – PR is achieved	Not applicable – PR is achieved.					

2. ASSESSING VISUAL DESIGN

Have major lines of force been identified and used to develop the size and shape of the	Yes No <u>X</u>
proposed operation? (If Yes, attach visual force analysis to this form.)	
Has the proposed operation borrowed from the natural character of the landscape?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Blocks and WTRAs have been designed to follow natural landscape patterns.	
Have edge treatments been incorporated into the design of the proposed operation	Yes <u>X</u> No
(feathered edges, irregular cutblock design, etc.)?	
Blocks and WTRAs have been designed to have irregular boundaries that follow	
natural landscape patterns.	
Have "islands," or patches of trees, been maintained to mitigate visual impacts and other	Yes <u>X</u> No
resource management objectives?	
WTRAs have been established within all blocks, and individual leave trees, to	
mitigate visual impacts as well as maintaining biodiversity.	
Are there any existing human-made alterations visible in the unit that exhibit poor design?	Yes No <u>X</u>
If Yes , describe design deficiencies below:	
If applicable, list any additional design techniques used and/or state reasons why certain de	sign techniques
could not be employed. Un-naturally straight timber harvest boundary lines have bee	n kept to a
minimum.	

3. ASSESSING NUMERICAL DATA

Complete either the clearcut or partial-cutting section below depending on the silviculture system used. Percent Alteration Worksheet for Clearcutting

Use photograph or computer simulation output from each viewpoint for percent alteration calculations. See Appendix 8 of Visual Impact Assessment Guidebook (2 nd edition, Jan 2001) for example of calculation.	VP1	VP2	VP3		
1. Total area of landform/VSU in perspective view as seen from each viewpoint (measured in cm ²)	168	85.6	141		
2. Visible ground area of <i>proposed</i> alteration(s) in perspective view as seen from each viewpoint (measured in cm ²)	1.2	1.1	2.9		
3. Visible ground area of all <i>existing</i> alterations in non-VEG state in perspective view as seen from each viewpoint (measured in cm ²)	2.5	0.9	4.9		
4. Total % alteration of the viewshed in perspective view as seen from each viewpoint	2.2%	2.3%	5.5%		
Identify for each viewpoint which VQO will be achieved based on % alteration. See Table 3 in VIA Guidebook for % alteration guidelines.	PR	PR	PR		
Which VQO would the proposed alteration, in combination with any existing non-VEG alterations, meet from all the selected viewpoints based on percent alteration only? P R PR X M MM or Other					
Partial-cutting Evaluation – Not applicab	le to CP 409) blocks 8 an	nd 9.		
What percent volume or stems retention is proposed? % Volume Remaining % Stems Remaining					
Which VQO would the proposed alteration, in combination with any existing non-VEG alterations, meet from all the selected viewpoints based on volume or stems remaining? (See Table 4 in VIA Guidebook (2 nd edition, Jan 2001) for partial-cutting guidelines, if applicable) PRPRMMM					

VIA SUMMARY – CP 409 blks 8, 9

Does the proposal, in combination with any existing non-VEG alterations, achieve the basic definition for the established VQO?	Yes <u>X</u>	No
Have visual design concepts and principles been incorporated into block/road design?	Yes X	No
Block Boundary, WTRA Design and dispersed leave trees work in concert to ensure		
Visual Impacts will be minimized.		
Does the proposal, in combination with any existing non-VEG alterations, fall within the numerical ranges for the established VQO?	Yes <u>X</u>	No
Given the three criteria listed above, does the proposal meet the established VQO from	Yes X	No
all the selected viewpoint(s)?	500 40.	
The proposal meets the established VQO based on the basic definition of PR,		
percent alteration, and the size, shape and design of proposed blocks.		

Completed By: Timberland Consultants (2001) Date Completed: April 2, 2019.

Ret Bh.
Robert Borhi, RPF April 2, 2019 I certify that the work described herein fulfills standards expected of a member of the Association of British Columbia Forest Professionals, and that I did personally supervise the work.

NOTES:

- 1. Proposed alterations are assessed using three criteria (the first two being the most critical ones): (1) meeting basic definition and intent of VQO, (2) quality of design, and (3) scale of alteration.
- 2. Silvicultural systems leaving significant tree cover will be assessed using volume or stems remaining rather than by scale of alteration as outlined in *Visual Impacts of Partial Cutting* (1997).
- 3. Visual quality objectives must be achieved from all selected viewpoints.

ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

Has this visual impact assessment incorporated all known alterations proposed in the scenic area for the next 5 years (i.e., all operations proposed by the same or different licensees)? [In scenic areas where operating areas are shared among licensees, there should be co-ordination between licensees in preparing VIAs (i.e., existing and proposed cutblocks/roads, if visible from the same viewpoints, must be shown for all licensees). Potential benefits are that one VIA may satisfy the requirements of several licensees, and/or digital data may be shared between licensees when preparing the VIAs.] Yes X No ____ Comments:

CP 409 Laird Creek

Viewpoint 1 North Fishermans Wharf





Visual Impact Assessment



CP 409 Laird Creek

Viewpoint 2 Kootenay Lake Ferry



Photography by Timberland: Jan 15th 2018

Visual Impact Assessment





CP 409 Laird Creek

Viewpoint 3 Harrop /Procter Road



Photography by Timberland: Sep.25 2018



Visual Impact Assessment



CP 409 Laird Creek

Calculations









VLU: 141 cm² Existing Harvesting: 4.9cm² Proposed Alteration: 2.9 cm² % Alteration: 5.5 %

Visual Impact Assessment

VLU: 85.6 cm² Existing Harvesting: 0.9 cm² Proposed Alteration: 1.1 cm² % Alteration: 2.3%



